

# Constructing CoDA ZFNs

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## Step #1 Query ZIFIT with genomic DNA to obtain putative target sites and ZFN arrays

Eg. Rdr2ab `gAGCGTCCTCGAATCCTGGGAGGGCg GCT GAC GAG VRQGLTR DRGNLTR REDNLGR`  
`cTCGCAGAGCTTAGGACCCCTCCCGc GGC GAG TGG SPSKLVLR RQDNLGR RMDHLGA`

## Step #2 Design F1 and F3 primers with incorporated RHs

Design primers for the appropriate RH using the soybean codon usage chart Table1.

F1\_template `TTGCATGCGGAACCTTTTCGaacactctctctgctgaggaggCATACCCGTACTCATACCGG`  
 F3\_template `TCAGGTGGGTTTTAGGTGcctcttcagggtgagacattgACTGAAGTTGCGCATGCATA`

Example:

F1\_VRQGLTR → `GTGAGACAAGGACTGACTAGA`  
 F1\_VRQGLTR - `TTGCATGCGGAACCTTTTCG`**GTGAGACAAGGACTGACTAGA**`CATACCCGTACTCATACCGG`

F3\_REDNLGR → `AGAGAGGATAACCTGGGAAGA` **R/C** `TCTTCCAGGTTATCCTCTCT`  
 F3\_REDNLGR - `TCAGGTGGGTTTTAGGTG`**TCTTCCAGGTTATCCTCTCT**`ACTGAAGTTGCGCATGCATA`

Table 1. Soybean codon usage

Soybean	UGA	*
Soybean	GCU	A
Soybean	UGC	C
Soybean	GAU	D
Soybean	GAG	E
Soybean	UUC	F
Soybean	GGA	G
Soybean	CAC	H
Soybean	AUC	I
Soybean	AAG	K
Soybean	CUG	L
Soybean	AAC	N
Soybean	CCA	P
Soybean	CAA	Q
Soybean	AGA	R
Soybean	UCC	S
Soybean	ACU	T
Soybean	GUG	V
Soybean	UAC	Y

Table 2. F2 templates

Target	RH
GGG	RREHLVR
GGA	QSAHLKR
GGC	LKEHLTR
GGT	EAHHLSR
GAG	RQDNLGR
GAA	QQTNLTR
GAC	DRGNLTR
GAT	VRHNLTR
GCG	RTDTLAR
GCA	QSTTLKR
GCC	DSSVLR
GCT	QRSDLTR
GTG	RREVLN
GTA	QRSSVLR
GTC	DHSSLKR
GTT	HKSSLTR
TGG	RREHLTI
TGA	QREHLTT

## Step #3 Select F2 template for the ZFA PCR

Eg. Rdr2ab F2 for the Left ZFA (L\_ZFA) `DRGNLTR` `CATACCCGTACTCATACCCGTGAAAAACCCGTTTCAGTGTGCGATCTGTATGCGAAATTTCTCCGACCGGGCAACTTGACCCGCATCTACGTACGCACACCCGGGAGAGGCCATTCGAATGCCGAATATGCATGCGCAACTTCAGT`  
`HTRHTGKPFQCRICMRNFS` `DRGNLTRHLRHTHTGKPFQCRICMRNFS`

F2 template

## Step #4 Perform PCR using the F1 & F3 primers and the F2 as template.

Step #5 After 10 cycles spike reaction with 1.5µL (10µM) of oCS276 & oCS218 primer pair. This reaction extends the ZFA to include restriction sites for future ligations (see below).

oCS276 - `AGTGGTGGTCTAGACCCGGGAGCGCCCTTCCAGTGTGCGAATTTGCATGCGGAACCTTT`  
 oCS218 - `TTAGATTTCACTAGCTGGGATCCCTCAGGTGGGTTTTAGGTG`

Table 3. PCR reaction to amplify fingers and ZFAs

Reagent	Vol.
10X Pfu buffer	2.5µL
Template (~10-100ng)	0.5µL
Primer Pair F1&F3 (10µM)	0.2µL
Pfu Turbo (Stratagene)	1µL
dNTPs (10mM)	0.5µL
dH <sub>2</sub> O (25µL)	20.3µL

PCR conditions

Step	Temp	Time
Denature	95°	1 min
Denature	94°	30 sec
Anneal	55°	30 sec
Extension	72°	30 sec
Extension	72°	5 min
Soak	10°	∞
Cycle steps 2-4 x30		

## Primary PCR F1 forward primer

`TTGCATGCGGAACCTTTTCG`**GTGAGACAAGGACTGACTAGA**`CATACCCGTACTCATACCGG`

## F2 template

`CATACCCGTACTCATACCCGTGAAAAACCCGTTTCAGTGTGCGAATTTCTCCGACCGGGCAACTTGACCCGCATCTACGTACGCACACCCGGGAGAGGCCATTCGAATGCCGAATATGCATGCGCAACTTCAGT`

## F3 reverse primer

`VLYVDLVQDQDLDLQVQDLYV`**LALSLQDQVLLDQDQLLQD**`LDLQVLLLLDQDLDQVQD`

## Spike with oCS276& oCS218

### oCS276

`AGTGGTGGTCTAGACCCGGGAGCGCCCTTCCAGTGTGCGAATTTGCATGCGGAACCTTT`

### oCS218

`TTAGATTTCACTAGCTGGGATCCCTCAGGTGGGTTTTAGGTG`

## Completed ZFA

*Xba*I

`SGWSRPFGRPFQCRICMRNFS`**VRQGLTR**`HLRHTHTGKPFQCRICMRNFS`**DRGNLTR**`HLRHTHTGKPFQCRICMRNFS`**REDNLGR**`HLRHTHLRGLSGLVQKSE`

*Bam*HI

## Step #6 Repeat steps 2 → 5 to construct right ZFA (R\_ZFA).

Step #7 PCR purify product and double digest with *Xba*I/*Bam*HI. (297-bp; 268-bp after digestion)

Step #8 Linearize 10µL of pFZ50 *Fok*I expression vector with *Xba*I/*Bam*HI (Table 5.)

Step #9 Ligation of left ZFA in to linearized pFZ50 expression vector (Table 6.)

Step #10 Transform into DH5q competent cells and select on spec (50mg/L) plates

Step #11 Select three colonies and culture overnight at 37°C in LB broth (Spec 50)

Step #12 Mini-prep cultures and confirm ligation by diagnostic restriction assay (Table 5.)

Step #13 Linearize L\_ZFA/pFZ50 with *Nhe*I/*Bgl*II (Table 7.) and ligate right ZFA (Table 6.)

Step #14 Repeat steps #11-13 and confirm ligation with (*Eco*RI/*Kpn*I) ~624bp fragment

Step #15 Confirm L\_ZFA & R\_ZFA by sequence using ZFN R1 & ZFN R2 primers

Step #16 PCR amplify ZFN cassette (L\_ZFA/R\_ZFA/pFZ50) with Xho.ZFA.F1 & *Nhe*I.ZFA.R1 primers using reaction (Table 8). Confirm PCR by gel electrophoresis (~ 2020bp)

Step #17 PCR purify product and double digest with *Xho*I/*Nhe*I.

Step #18 Linearize 10µL of Inducible 218 binary vector with *Xho*I/*Spe*II.

Step #19 Ligate ZFN cassette (*Xho*I/*Nhe*I) into linearized binary vector (*Xho*I/*Spe*I) (Table 6.)

Step #20 Transform into DH5q competent cells and select on Kan (50mg/L) plates

Step #21 Select three colonies and culture overnight at 37°C in 10mL LB broth (Kan 50)

Step #22 10mL mini-prep cultures and confirm ligation by *Eco*RI diagnostic restriction assay (Fig2.)

XhoI.ZFA F1 - `ACTCGAGATGGATTATAAGGATCAGCATG`

*Nhe*I.ZFA R1 - `TGCTAGCTCAATAAAAAGTTTATCTCGCCGT`

Table 4. PCR digestion reaction

Reagent	Vol.
NEB#4	3.0µL
BSA 10x	3.0µL
Purified PCR product	23.0µL
<i>Xba</i> I	0.5µL
<i>Bam</i> HI	0.5µL

Incubate @37°C for 6 hours

Table 5. Plasmid digestion reaction

Reagent	Vol.
NEB#4	3.0µL
BSA 10x	3.0µL
Plasmid	10.0µL
<i>Xba</i> I	0.5µL
<i>Bam</i> HI	0.5µL
dH <sub>2</sub> O	13µL

Incubate @37°C for 6 hours

Table 6. Ligation reaction

Reagent	Vol.
2x ligation buffer	5.0µL
Linearized plasmid	2.0µL
Insert	2.5µL
T4 ligase	0.5µL

Incubate @ RT for an hour or overnight

Table 7. Plasmid digestion reaction

Reagent	Vol.
NEB#3	3.0µL
BSA 10x	3.0µL
Plasmid	10.0µL
<i>Nhe</i> I	0.5µL
<i>Bgl</i> II	0.5µL
dH <sub>2</sub> O	13µL

Incubate @37°C for 6 hours

Table 8. PCR reaction to amplify ZFN

Reagent	Vol.
10X Pfu buffer	5.0µL
Template (~10-100ng)	1.0µL
Primer Pair F1&F3 (10µM)	2.0µL
Pfu Turbo (Stratagene)	1µL
dNTPs (25mM)	0.4µL
dH <sub>2</sub> O (25µL)	40.6µL

PCR conditions

Step	Temp	Time
Denature	95°	1 min
Denature	94°	30 sec
Anneal	60°	30 sec
Extension	72°	30 sec
Extension	72°	5 min
Soak	10°	∞
Cycle steps 2-4 x30		

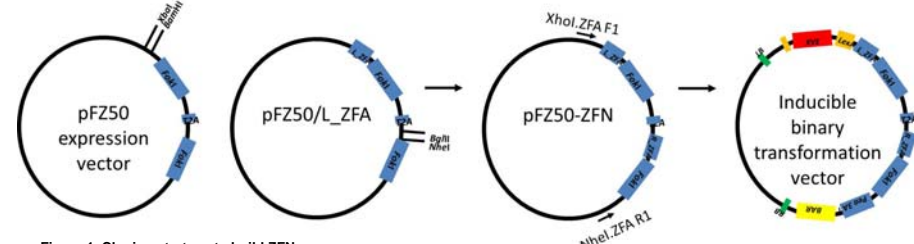


Figure 1. Cloning strategy to build ZFN

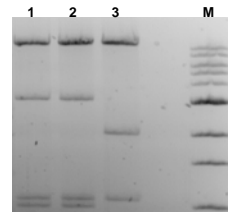


Figure 2. *Eco*RI diagnostic digestion of ZFN in binary vector. Lanes #1 and 2 have the correct pattern